THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION *The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*—JEFFERSON

VOLUME XIV.—New s—WASHINGTON CITY D. C. SATURDAY JANUARY 3 1852. NO XLI Whole Number MCCXLI

THE HUNTRESS

Edited [and Published every Saturday

BY

MRS. ANNE ROYALL.

At TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM,

CAPITOL HILL.

WASHINGTON CITY D. C

SATURDAY JANUARY 3, 1852

THE VOLUNTEER COUNSEL:

A TALE OF TEXAS.

The subject of the following sketch, John Taylor, was licensed, when a youth of twenty-one, to practice at the bar of Philadelphia. He was poor, but well educated, and possessed extraordinary genius The graces of his person, combined with the superiority of his intellect, enabled him to win the hand of a fashionable beauty. Twelve months afterwards the husband was employed by a wealthy firm of the city to go on a mission as land agent to the west. As a heavy salary was offered, Taylor bid farewell to his wife and infant son. He wrote back every week, but received not a line in answer. Six months elapsed, when the husband received a letter from his employers, that explained all. Shortly after his departure for the west, the wife and her father removed to Mississippi,

There she immediately obtained a divorce by an act of the legislature, married again forthwith, and to complete the climax of cruelty and wrong had the name of Taylor's son changed to Mark—that of her second matrimonial partner! The perfidy nearly drove Taylor insane. His career, from that period, became eccentric in the last degree, sometimes he preached, sometimes he plead at the bar, until at last a fever carried him off at a comparatively early age.

At an early hour, the 9th of April, 1840, the court-house in Clarksville, Texas was crowded to overflowing. Save in the war times past, there had never been witnessed such a gathering in Red River county, while the strong feeling, apparent on every flushed face throughout the assembly, betokened some great occasion. A concise narrative of facts will sufficiently explain the matter.

About the close of 1839, George Hopkins, one of the wealthiest planters and most influential men of Northern Texas, offered a gross insult to Mary Ellison, the young and beautiful wife of the chief overseer. The husband threatened to chastise him for the outrage, whereupon Hopkins loaded his gun, went to Ellison's house and shot him in his own door. The murderer was arrested, and bailed to answer the charge.

The occurrence produced intense excitement, and Hopkins, in order to turn the tide of popular opinion, or at least to mitigate the general wrath, which at first was violent against him, circulated reports infamously prejudicial to the woman who had already suffered such cruel wrong at his hands. She brought her suit for slander. And thus two cases, one criminal, and the other civil, and both out of the same tragedy, were pending in the April Circuit Court, for 1840.

The interest naturally felt by the community as to the issues, became far deeper when it was known that Ashley and Pike, of Arkansas, and the celebrated S. S. Prentiss, of New Orleans, each with enormous fees, had been retained by Hopkins, for his defence.

The trial on the indictment for murder, ended on the 8th of April, with the acquittal of Hopkins. Such results might have been foreseen, by comparing the talents of the counsel engaged on either side. The Texan lawyers were utterly overwhelmed by the argument and eloquence of their opponents. It was a fight of dwarfs against giants.

The slander suit was set for the 9th, and the throng of spectators grew in numbers as well as excitement, and what may seem strange, the current of public sentiment now ran decidedly for Hopkins. His money had procured perjured witnesses, who served most efficiently his powerful advocates. Indeed so triumphant had been the success of the previous day, that when the slander case was called, Mary Ellison was left without an attorney—they had all withdrawn: The pigmy pettifoggers dare not brave again the sharp wit of Pike, and the scathing thunder of Prentiss.

'Have you no counsel?' inquired Judge Mill, looking kindly at the Plaintiff.

'No sir, they have all deserted me, and I am too poor to employ any more,' replied the beautiful Mary, bursting into tears.

'In such a case, will not some chivalrous member of the profession volunteer?' asked the judge gleneing around the bar.

The thirty lawyers were silent as death.

Judge Mills repeated the question.

'I will, your Honor,' said a voice from the thickest part of the crowd situated behind the bar. At the tones of that voice many started half way from their seats—and perhaps there was not a heart in the immense throng, which did not beat some thing quicker—it was so unearthly sweet, clear, ringing and mournful.

'Has your name been entered on the rolls of the State?' demanded the Judge, suspiciously.

'It is material about my name being on your rolls,' answered the stranger, his thin, bloodless lips curling up with a fiendish sneer. 'I may be allowed to appear once, by the courtesy of the court and bar. Here is my license from the highest tribunals in America,' and he handed Judge Mills a broad parchment. The trial immediately went on.

In the examination of witnesses, the stranger evinced but little ingenuity, as was commonly thought: He suffered each one to tell his own story without interruption, though he contrived to make each one tell it over two or three times. He put few cross questions, which, in mighty memories, always tend to embarrass. The examination being ended, as counsel for the plaintiff he had a right to the opening speech, as well as the close—but to the astonishment of every one, he declined the former, and allowed the defence to lead off. Then a shadow might have been observed to flit across the fine features of Pike, and darken even the bright eyes of Prentiss. They saw that they had caught a tartar, but who it was, or how it happened, it was impossible to guess,

Col. Ashley spoke first—he dealt the jury a dish of that close, dry logic, which years afterwards, rendered him famous in the Senate of the Union.

The Poet, Albert Pike followed, with a rich train of wit, and a hail torrent of caustic ridicule, in which you may be sure neither plaintiff's ragged attorney was either forgotten or spared.

The great Prentiss concluded for the defendant, with a glow of gorgeous words brilliant as showers of falling stars, and with a finale burst of oratory that brought the house down in cheers, in which the sworn jury themselves joined, notwithstanding the 'order!' 'order!' of the bench, Thus wonderfully susceptible are the south western people to the charms of impassioned eloquence,

It was then the stranger's turn, He had remained apparently abstracted during all the previous speeches. Still, and straight, and motionless in his seat, his pale, smooth forehead soaring up high like a mountain cone of snow, but for that eternal twitch that came and went perpetually in his sallow cheek, you would have taken him for a mere man of marble, or a human form carved in ice. Even his dim, dreamy eyes, were invisible beneath those gray, shaggy eye brows.

But at last he rises—before the bar railing, not behind it—and so near to the wondering jury that he might touch the foreman with his long bony finger. With eyes still half shut, and standing rigid as a pillar of iron, his thin lips curl as in measureless scorn, slightly part, and the voice comes forth. At first, it is low and sweet, insinuating itself through the brain, as an artless tune, winding its way in the deepest heart like the melody of an incantation: while the speaker proceeds without a gesture or the least sign of excitement to tear in pieces the argument of Ashley, which melts away at his touch as the frost before the sunbeam.

Anon he came to the dazzling wit of the poet lawyer Pike. Then the curl of his lip grew sharper, his sallow face kindled up, and his eyes began to open, dim and dreamy no longer, but vivid as lightning, red as fire globes, and glaring like two meteors. Then without so much as bestowing an allusion on Prentiss, he turned short on the perjured witnesses of Hopkins, tore their testimony into atoms, and hurled into their faces such terrible invective that all trembled as with an ague and two of them actually fled dismayed from the court house.

But his greatest triumph was to come.

His eyes began to glare lutively at the assassin, Hopkins, as his lean taper finger slowly assumed the same direction. He hemmed the wretch around with a circumvallation of strong evidence and impregnable argument, cutting off all hopes of escape. He painted the slanderer so black that the sun seemed dark at noon, when shining on such an accused monster, and then fixed both portraits on the burning brow of Hopkins, and nailed them there forever. The agitation of the audience nearly amounted to madness.

All at once the speaker descended from his perilous height. His voice wailed out for the murdered dead, and described the sorrows of the widowed living—the beautiful Mary, more beautiful every moment, as her tears flowed faster—till men wept, and lovely women sobbed like children.

He closed by a strange exhortation to the jury, and through them to the bystanders—he entreated the panel, after they should bring in their verdict for the plaintiff, not to offer violence to the defendant, no matter richly he might deserve it, in other words, "not to lynch the villian, Hopkins, but leave his punishment to God," This was the most artful trick of and the best calculated to insure vengeance,

The jury returned a verdict of fifty thousand dollars, and the night afterwards Hopkins was taken out of his bed by lynchers, and beaten almost to death.

As the court adjourned, the stranger made known his name, and called the attention of the people with the announcement—'John Taylor will preach here at early candle-light!'

The crowd of course turned out, and Taylor's sermon equalled, if it did not surpass the splendor of his forensic efforts. This is no exageration. I have listened to Clay, Webster and Calhoun, to Dewey, Tyng and Bascom, but never heard anything in the form of sublime words even remotely approximating the eloquence of John Taylor, massive as a mountain, and wildly rushing as a cataract of fire. And this is the opinion of all who have ever heard the marvellous man.

Young persons should reverence their parents, and neither dispute nor disobey their commands.

A blush is the complexion of virtue.

When you judge your neighbor without authority, you usurp a right that does not belong to you.

He who has compassion on the poor honors God.

The envious man is ever miserable, every smiling face he sees inflicts upon him a wound,

BESSIE.

Take my baby from my bosom,
Lay her precious little head
On the shining satin pillow
Of her white and dainty bed.

On my heart in life, how often
I have hushed her bitter cry,
All the while I gently rocked her,
Singing soft a lullaby.

Now she sleeps so very calmly,
Hushed away from mortal pain,
She hath need of me no longer,
She will never cry again!

From her little lip, untasted,
She has put away life's cup,
When she wakes another morning
Angel hands will take her up.

DR. PETTIT'S
AMERICAN EYE SALVE.

SUPERIOR TO ANY KNOWN REMEDY
FOR DISEASED EYES,

For Inflammation of that delicate Organ, whether acute or Chronic—for Egyptian Ophthalmia—Atony of the Optic Nerve—Granulations of the Lids—Ulceration of the Lachrymal Glands and weakness of Vision from any cause.

Dr. J. PETTIT, a member of the Medical Society of Onondago Co., N. York, and for forty years a successful practitioner of medicine, has by actual experiment, and a series of practice in a variety of diseases of the age, discovered a scientific apportionment of ingredients, combining *soothing, healing, and strengthening properties*, that have resulted in effecting many ASTONISHING CURES, and have secured to the AMERICAN EYE SALVE, a deserved renown, *unequalled in the history of any similar preparation.*

The AMERICAN EYE SALVE is recommended with perfect confidence to all who are troubled with *weak or sore eyes*, whether caused by acute or chronic inflamation,—of *scrofula origin—weakness or defective vision—diseased state of the optic nerve—or too severe and long continued use of the eye.*

Please read the following statements:

A daughter of Mr. John Britton, No. 28 Commerce street, Newark, N. J., whose eyes had been exceedingly sore for *eighteen months*, was cured by the use of *one box* of AM. EYE SALVE.

Hiram Gove, of South Adams, Mass., says—"*I gave a box to a boy who had been afflicted with sore eyes for* THREE YEARS *and it cured him.*" The balance of the dozen are all gone, and several have spoken to me for some. Can you send me a quantity by Express?

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"A cousin, about eight years old, being afflicted *from infancy with sore eyes*, had used every other remedy for the AM. EYE SALVE, which has cured his eyes and also a *running sore on his face.*"

THE NORWALK GAZETTE,

A. H. Byington & Co. editors,

Terms of the Gazette.

Village subscribers by carrier—per year,	$2 00
Mail	2 00
Office subscribers, or those living out of the Carrier's district, and who call for their papers at the office	1 50
Companies of five or more receiving their papers by mail, if paid in advance	1 50

Jenny Lind arrived here on Saturday en route, for Philadelphia—she leaves to-day but returns and gives a concert in this city on the 30th December.

S. W. LATHAM & CO'S. EXCHANGE & BANKING HOUSE,

Corner of seventh and D sts. opposite Nat'l Intelligencer. Bank notes on all solvent banks in the United States bought and sold at the best rates.

Drafts, notes and bills on Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, collected and remittances promptly made in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, or Boston, upon a charge of one quarter per cent. collection made on all the principle cities of the Union upon the most favorable terms.

Be not curious in things that do not concern you.

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SATURDAY JANUARY 3, 1852

From the Washington (D. C.) News.

CHRISTMAS DAY.

'This cheering and festive anniversary was duly honored in our community. In doors we think there was more general participation in the hospitalities of the occasion than heretofore. Most places of religious worship were well attended.—The streets were gay but not disorderly. But one thing, that we noticed, marred the pleasant scene, and that was, the intoxicated appearance of many youths and their disposition to loiter from tavern to tavern. This is a melancholy sight, and it should be remembered that the law requires a fine of twenty dollars against any person convicted of selling liquor to 'slaves and apprentices.' We think that public opinion and the moral sense of every right thinking man demand the rigid enforcement of the law. A large majority of those who appeared intoxicated in our streets, were under twenty-one years of age. The Law ought to be immediately amended so as to include all who have not arrived at the age just stated."

What signifys laws or the amendment of laws, while the officers pay no more heed to them than if they never existed—therefore laws in this city are no better than a rope of sand.

The officers on the Hill did capture sixteen drunken vagabonds a few nights before Christmas, but what became of them afterwards we did not learn.

But where were the officers of the law in the city, when these young men the News speaks of, were loitering drunk about the taverns. If the Grand Jurys would do their duty as Grand Jurors ought they would have these officers and tavern-keepers fined to the extent of the law. This license law ought to be put down, and if the officers of the law can be detected in receiving bribes of which some are suspected, send them to the Penetentiary, and you will soon clear the streets of drunkards, nay sots, perfect sots, and gambling. 'Wonder if Mr. Mulloy does not know of the nightly new gambling-shop not a hundred miles from the Spanish ministers.

CONGRESS, AND THE LIBRARY.

"The Librarian of Congress, communicating the fact of the destruction of the library by fire in a manner to him altogether unaccountable, and asking for a searching investigation, passed a Joint Resolution instructing that the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings to make the investigation, with power to send for persons to be examined under oath in relation to the occurrence.

A bill was then introduced by Mr. Stanton of Kentucky (the mover of the above joint resolution) appropriating $5-000, or as much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the expenses incurred in the extinguishment of the late fire, the removal of the rubbish, and the preservation of such books and other articles as may have been saved, and the construction of a tin roof for the preservation and protection of that part of the building now exposed.

This bill was by general consent at once passed. The House then adjourned until next Tuesday.

We believe that the above will be found, although brief, a correct account of the late destructive fire, its cause and consequences, so far at least as Congress is concerned."—Washington News.

The Librarian asks for a "searching investigation." He well knows that searching will be in vain—books lost it is said, and books mutilated, with leaves cut out which contained facts criminating people of high standing, what would the people gain by an investigation, when the whole mass or nearly so, are in ashes. He took good care not to call for an investigation previous to the fire. He has been Librarian ever since Gen. Jackson first came into the Presidency, upwards of twenty-two years, much too long for a man like him to be entrusted with a place of such importance. In fact, he ought never to have had the appointment—a low vulgar man, elevated from poverty to affluence, one of Dr. Ely's christian party in politics, he had neither the manners nor the judgment suitable for a place visited by hundreds of the first people daily. He came near being kicked one day for insulting a lady; so it is with the vulgar when raised above their station.

He knew how to take care of his own however, one of his boys scratched his finger one day, and the poor boy being lamed for life, a member of Congress had him placed in the Library at $5,00 per annum—the second year a few hundred dollars more was added to the lame boy, and so on till it reached $1800. How much higher it has risen since we do not know. These humane members have found their reward in the destruction of the Library,—alas for such management! All the valuable books sent to us by foreign friends of incalculable value gone. Who can have patience with such conduct? whether willful or carelessly done, it is unpardonable all round, Congress or the Architect ought to have had a regular annual examination of these flues and furnaces, previous to the meeting of every Congress. But he is a Democrat and a blueskin besides.

From the America's Own.

PUBLIC LANDS.

But what is this we hear?—

"Public Lands—Congressional Plunder.—We take the following able article from the Cincinnati Nonpareil, and would recommend it to the attentive perusal of our readers,

'The present session of Congress promises to do more than a 'Land office business' in disposing of the public lands. The people should look to this, for they are interested in the appropriation of the soil. Every rich man should be concerned, because fortune is fleeting, his children may be reduced to poverty, and then they will have ample guaranty of home and plenty, provided the public lands shall be held sacred to labor and the use of the industrious and homeless."

But what does all this mean? Is justice, honor, and humanity banished from our land? Is roguery, tyranny, and oppression taking the place of equal rights, integrity and morality? The writer says—

"Two modes of plundering the Public Domain are already before Congress. Not a single week elapsed before Mr. Underwood, of the Senate, introduced a resolution, making the land warrants of 1850, assignable. Mr. Geyer has introduced a bill for a grant of a portion of the public lands to the proposed railroad from St. Louis to the western limits of Missouri, and several other similar requests are already before Congress."

We do not understand the nature of the charge against the Senate, having never studied the duties of Statesmen, or revenue resources. But our opinion is, that the Senate is not totally deaf to the cries of justice, and the voice of the poor man, especially Western Senators, who have had their lessons in every emergency that trys men's souls. But this is what we understand—

"Who are they that ask for the assignability of Land Warrants? They are the land speculators—they are the powerful of society—those who control our legislation for the purpose of fortune making. It is not for the benefit of the people, but a few avaricious men who desire to live without performing a stroke of useful labor, that this proposition is made. Who are they? Such men as Henry Stansberry late Attorney General of our State, who procurred the claims of $80,000 worth of these warrants, and had them issued directly to himself, thus evading the law. Such men as Mr. Ellsworth, of Indiana, who holds $50,000 worth of these warrants, purchased at half price, ready to lay upon lands that come into market, when they will be valuable."

We do not know Mr. Stansberry, but we know that sly sneak, Gen Ellsworth, a great Democrat. By the way most of these treasury thieves are Democrats, not wishing however to overlook the great Whig thieves, Crawford and Temple.

"The Secretary of the Treasury reported last year, that the Public Lands had ceased to be a source of revenue in consequence of these warrants which the soldiers did not often locate for their homes."

But this is the hardest of all,

"Several were made last year. One of 2,000,000 acres in Illinois, to the Chicago and Cairo Railroad. The Illinois grant will bring to the half a dozen persons constituting the company, at least $21,000,000, while the road cost but $15,000,00, being a clear gift of the railroad, which is to make 15 per cent, and a bonus besides of $6,000,000."

This will never do. It will breed a civil war—call ye this equal rights?

Mrs, R, has been indisposed for two weeks, but is mending.

BESSIE.

Take my baby from my bosom,
Lay her precious little head
On the shining satin pillow
Of her white and dainty bed.

On my heart in life, how often
I have hushed her bitter cry,
All the while I gently rocked her,
Singing soft a lullaby.

Now she sleeps so very calmly,
Hushed away from mortal pain,
She hath need of me no longer,
She will never cry again.

From her little lip, untasted,
She has put away life's cup,
When she wakes another morning
Angel hands will take her up.

The envious man is ever miserable, every smiling face he sees inflicts upon him a wound.

Be not curious in things that do not concern you.

A Yankee down east has made the grand discovery that a window glazed with old hats is a sure indication that the occupant has seen a rum bottle.

He who has compassion on the poor honors God.

Young persons should reverence their parents, and neither dispute nor disobey their commands.

Nothing is really honorable but what is good.

A blush is the complexion of virtue.

When you judge your neighbor without authority, you usurp a right that does not belong to you.

Prefer loss to unjust gains if you wish your accounts to stand well with God.

Revelation is to reason what a telescope is to the sight, it enables us to see clearly what we had no conception of without.

A good conscience is the best soother to the uneasy mind.

'This is really the smallest horse I ever saw,' said a countryman, on viewing a Shetland pony.

'Indade now,' replied his Irish companion, but I've seen one as small as two of him.'

The little boy who undertook to suck an egg plum and was choked by the yoke has recovered.

'Good mornin,' Squire, I've hearn you've got a new preacher up the hollow.'

'Well, we have, and a regular buster at that,'

'You need a strong preacher, Brother B—— was a little too easy,'

'Brother B— hit the devil a good many fair licks, but this feller knocks the old 'uns horns clear off.'

THE BOOK TRADE

IS PUBLISHED MONTHLY AT 25CE ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

BY H. WILSON

49 *ANN STREET, NEW YORK.*;

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Announcement of forthcoming works (consisting of the titles thereof, style, No. of Vols., No. of pages, author's name, style of binding, name and address of publisher, and price, not exceeding eight lines,) $0,50

(The above named particulars of all large and small works published within the current month are inserted gratuitously upon being forwarded to the Publisher, post paid. Published fishers will confer a favor by furnishing these particulars)

Advertisements over six lines, or less, 1,00

Advertisements over sixteen lines, at the rate of 6 1-4 cents per line.

All communications must be post paid.

TO PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS.

On the seventh page of this sheet is a list of all publications issued by the different publishing houses in the U. States, during the month ending March 31, 1851, of which we have been able to procure any information with such particulars as have been communicated to us.

It is our intention to continue the publication of this paper monthly for a time, and to insert therein gratuitously, a list of all the publications issued in the United States each mouth.

Also we intend to commence shortly the publication of a list of all the booksellers in the United States and Canada whose names and post office we may be able to obtain—alphabetically arranged.

All publishers into whose hands a copy of this sheet may fall are respectfully requested to forward to us (post paid) immediately upon the receipt thereof a list of all their publications from a penny toy book up to a folio Bible, within the month previous to the date of their communication.

As we have already procured a list of a large number of the booksellers through the United States and Canada, which we are constantly enlarging, to whom copies of the succeeding numbers of the 'Book Trade' will be forwarded, the publicity given to the lists so furnished will undoubtedly remunerate them for the slight inconvenience which may attend upon an immediate compliance with this request.

Scientific American

CIRCULATION 16,000

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

At 128 Fulton Street, N. Y., [Sun Building, and 13, Court street, Boston, Mass,

BY MUNN & COMPANY,

DYER & HAMILTON,

Wholesale and retail Dealers in Groceries, Teas, Wines, Liquors, &c, &c South side Pennsylvania Avenue, opposite Jackson Hall, Washington, D. C.

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THE FELLOWSVILLE DEMOCRAT.

Is published on Friday of each week at Fellowsviles, Preston county Virginia by S. Heermans.

Terms, one dollar and 25 cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six months, or two dollars and twenty five cents at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adheared to.

Rates of advertiseting. Twelve lines or less one insertion, fifty cents, three do. one dollar. Larger ones in proportion.

All advertisements will be inserserted until ordered out, unless the time for which they are to be continued is specified and charged accordingly.

Yearly advertisers will be charged Twelve dollars and fifty cents with the privilage of occupying a space not exceeding two squares, half column, Twenty dollars.

Letters and communications must be addressed to the editor, F. B. WOODWARD Fellowsville, Preston co. Va.

PROSPECTUS FOR "THE GLOBE."

THE CONGRESSIONAL NEWSPAPER.

THE APPROACH OF CONGRESS calls for the renewal of my proposals and preparations to spread its debates before the public. The success which has hitherto attended this undertaking it is hoped will continue, and enable me to perpetuate the full history of the proceedings and discussions of the body on which the destiny of the Republic depends.

The adoption of Congress has given the GLOBE an official character as the reporter of all that is said and done in the body. This sanction has been voted at every successive session for many years, and by members of all parties. The press, too, of all parties, has borne testimony to the fidelity with which the duty thus confided has been performed.

The great celerity with which the letter writers for the distant press circulate through the telegraph their hurried accounts and views of the debates of Congress, renders more important than ever the full and exact official reports of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE. The hasty, and in many instances ex parte, relations by telegraph of what occurs in Congress supersede, for the most part, the exact reports taken down by reporters, and which formerly, in a shape more or less abbreviated, went the rounds of the press. Now the telegraph accounts, with all their imperfections and variety of colorings, take the run of the country, and no press but the official of Congress ever publishes the full debate with the proceedings of both Houses unmutilated. Indeed, no newspaper can give them, and have room for advertisements and the miscellaneous matter essential to their existence. While therefore, the telegraph administers to the eager appetite of the public for Congress news, and meets the necessities of the political press, by furnishing a rapidly-written epitome suited to the taste of its patrons, perfect information of what passes in Congress is greatly diminished. The circulation of the official reports has been, to some extent, cut off by the crude and diversified accounts which, flying along the electric wires, satisfies curiosity, and it is almost in vain that truth puts on his boots to follow. Still there are a great many men of leisure and thought who like to see what is actually said and done in Congress, and to judge for themselves, rather than to receive impressions altogether from galvanic batteries. There are others, too, who, for the sake of the future, willingly patronize a work which preserves a full record of the doings of the great moving and controlling power of the Republic.

The undersigned has made preparations commensurate with the increased importance of the duty he has undertaken as the only reporter and publisher of the complete debates and proceedings of both Houses of Congress. The coming session will probably be extended *three* months, and the reports will not be comprised in less than 3,500 royal quarto pages of brevier and nonpareil type, making 4 volumes of near 900 pages each. The reports for the last long session made 3,896 royal quarto pages, and were bound in 4 volumes, averaging 974 royal quarto pages each.

I will publish in the APPENDIX for the next session all laws that may be passed during the session, which has not been done heretofore. Although this will increase in no small degree the expense of the publication, the subcription price will be the same that it has been for several years past.

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I will endeavor to print a sufficient number of surplus copies to supply all that may be miscarried, or lost in the mails; but subscribers should be very particular to file their papers carefully, for fear that I should not be able to supply all the lost numbers.

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I have a few copies of the back volumes of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE and APPENDIX for sale at $5 a volume bound, which it is probable will be disposed of soon; and when they are, they will then, no doubt, command at least $10 a volume, as they cannot be reprinted for less than that sum. There are 25 back volumes.

TERMS.

For one copy of the DAILY GLOBE during the session - - - - - - - - - $5 00
For one copy of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE during the session - - - - - - - 3 00
For one copy of the APPENDIX during the session 3 00

The money may be remitted by mail at my risk. Bank notes current where a subscriber resides will be received at par. Subscriptions should reach here by the 13th December, at furthest, to insure all the numbers.

The prices for these papers are so low that I cannot afford to credit them out; therefore no person need order them unless the money accompanies the order.

JOHN C. RIVES.

WASHINGTON CITY, October 17, 1851.

DR. M B. MELIN,

Office and residence on the Island, F street between 9 and 10th, South.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1852

SATURDAY EVENING POST

THE LEADING LITERARY WEEKLY OF THE UNION,

The proprietors of the Post think it unnecessary to dwell upon the distinguishing features of their well known weekly, whose brilliant success during an existence of thirty years is a sure guarantee for the future. We have the pleasure of announcing our renewed connection with that distinguished authoress,

MRS. E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH

EOLINE, or, MAGNOLIA VALE,

By Mrs Caroline Lee Hentz, author of 'Linda,' 'Rena,' etc.

VIOLA, OR ADVENTURES IN THE FAR SOUTHWEST.

A Companion to 'Prairie Flower.' By Emerson Bennett, Author of 'Prairie Flower,' 'The Bandits of the Osage,' etc

TRIAL AN TRIUMPH,

By T S. Arthur, Author of 'The Iron Hand,' 'Temperance Tales,' etc. And last, but not least,

THE CURSE OF CLINTN,

A Tale of Expiation and Redemption; By Mrs. Southworth, Author of 'The Deserted Wife,' etc,

TERMS.

The terms to single subscribers are 2,00 dols per annum, in advance, 3,00, if not paid in advance. For five dollars in advance, one copy will be sent three years.

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In order to accommodate the large number who wish to take a first class paper, but mistakingly think they cannot afford it, we continue the following low terms for Clubs—to be sent, in the city, to one address, and, in the country, to one Post Office:

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8 (And one to Agent, or getter up of the Club 10,00
13 do do do 15,00
20 do do do 20 00

DEACON & PETERSON, No 66 South third Street, Philadelphia.

THE METROPOLITAN.

As this paper is designed for general circulation throughout the union, care will be taken to fill its columns with matter, that will be useful and interesting.

The Literary department will be under the superintendence of Mrs. N. P. Lasselle, who will spare no pains to make it worthy of the patronage of the public.

TERMS.

Two dollars per annum or one dollar for six months in advance.

Postmasters, agents and clubs remitting six dollars will be entitled to six copies.

Communications for publication should be addressed to the editor, those on business to

LUCIEN LASSELLE.

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For sale Wholesale and Retail,

J. F. CALLAN'S

Drug store corner E 7, 8ts.

Among which may be found the following Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussel's Sprouts, broccoli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts; of Carrots do, do; Cauliflowers late and early Cellery, white and red, Cherfu, or Salad, Corn, Salad peppergrass, cucumbers late and early corn, early prolific and sweet egg plant, white and purple, endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes Nasturtium, okra, ex celent for soups, onions white red and silver parsley, plain and curld Parsnips, large Pears Pery early, and late pepper squash and othes pumpkins Radishes, vegatable Oysters, spinach and Squash of every variety, turnips the finest quality, and all the onion setts &c;

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Containing Diagrams of various Railroads in the United States now in operation, with their extension from time to time, as they occur, to which new roads will be added as soon as put in working order, hours of arrival and departure of the various trains, together with their connecting links of stages, steamboats, rates of fare, freight and tonnage, refreshment stations, &c. &c;

S. HORN,

Editor and Proprietor.

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The cheapest Paper in the West!

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

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For one year paid in advance, ' 1,00

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	Size.
Surrender at Yorktown,	24 by 34 inches.
Apotheosis of Washington,	20 " 26 "
Nagle's Henry Clay,	17 " 22 "
M'Donough's Victory,	20 " 26 "
United S. & Macedonian,	20 " 26 "

☞ The person subscribing or furnishing the club may select to suit himself.

☞ The Premiums will be subject to order—or, if we are desired to mail them, the postage must be furnished in advance, viz.: 25 cents under 300 miles, and 50 cents if over that distance.

THE PREMIUM TERMS,

The splendid Premiums will be offered and awarded by the following code of terms, to persons subscribing, and paying in advance, for the year 1852, or for the New Volume XXII., commencing March, 1852,

One copy American Courier and one Premium,	$2
Three copies " " " "	5
Six copies " " " "	10
Ten copies " " " "	15
Fifteen copies " " " "	20
Twenty copies " " " "	25

☞ The above terms will supercede the old rates in all future operations.

☞ Members of old Clubs are perfectly eligible to the offers to new ones; when they renew in Clubs, and to claim premiums, all moneys must be paid in full directly into the office, and not to an agent of third person.

☞ Postmasters or others sending for Clubs would confer a favor by having them sent to one address, when they can do so conveniently.

☞ The Literary arrangements for the future will include a continuation of Letters and Tales by Kate Conyngham—a new Nouvellette by the author of 'Nobody's Son,' one by Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz, together with Original Nouvelliettes, Tales, Sketches, &c; from the most popular writers of the day.

All orders must be addressed post paid to

ANDREW M'MAKIN,

No. 141 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE CHRISTIAN STATESMAN.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

Devoted to African Colonization and Civilization, to Literature and General Intelligence.

The undersigned propose to publish in the city of Washington a weekly newspaper, bearing the above title, and dedicated to a sound morality in politics, to the Union of the States, to the cause of African colonization and civilization, and to all topics of a high and general interest to their country and mankind. They will endeavor to impress upon the people and Governments of the United States and of the several States the importance of colonizing in Africa, with their own consent; the free people of color of this country, and such as may become free. They will communicate to the public all important information they may obtain in regard to the geography, exploration, resources, commerce, and population of Africa; the state of the slave trade, and the measures best adapted for its suppression; and will enforce the duty of union among all Christian denominations in efforts to diffuse the knowledge of our art liberty, and Christianity among the barbarous people of that continent.

They will aim to render the journal an instructive and useful Family Newspaper, and to secure for its columns, as the public favor shall enable them, contributions, literary and scientific, of decided merit.

The Christian Statesman will be of the size of the Home Journal or National Era, and exceed in size the Intelligencer or the Union of this city; and, with but few advertisements, will be nearly filled with matter designed to be of interest to its readers.

It will be printed with new type, on fine white paper, and in mechanical execution be equal to the best newspapers in the country.

TERMS.

The Christian Statesman will be two dollars a year, payable in advance:

Single copy for six months	1 00
Three copies for year	5 00
Six copies for one year	10 00
Twenty copies for one year	30 00
Twenty copies for six months	15 00

R. R. GURLEY,
D. B. GOODLOE.

TOWNSEND' SARSAPARILLA

Most extraordinary Medicine in the world

This Extract is put in quart bottles. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cured diseases, without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15,000 CURES

THIS YEAR

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.
1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.
2,500 cures of general debility and want of Nervous energy.
30,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the blood viz;

Ulcers, scrofula erysipelas salt rheum pimples on the face &c. together with numerous cases of consumption liver complaints spine affections, &c. This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R Van, Buskirk Esq, one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of N. York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

Opinions of Physicians.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany have in numerous cases prescribed D. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations Sarsaparilla in the Market.

P H Pulling M D. R B Briggs M D. P E Elmendorf M D.

Albany, April 1 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island.

Greenport July 19, 1846.

Dr. Townsendk—Dear Sir—it is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed. in sP. R cases the most beneficial results from yoLR extract of Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c, it far exceeds anything of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c;

Respectfully yours,
C. S Preston M D.;

United States Officer.

Capt. G W McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

New York, March 1, 1847.

THE ATLAS,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY,

By HERRICK & ROPES,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street (secrets. between Beekman and Ann stren

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, One Dollar per annum, invariable in advance, for paper is continued longer than paid for nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adherence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

Subscribers in this city, Harlem, Williamsbug, Brooklyn, Jersy city and Staten Island are served by regular carriers for one shilling per month, or three cents per copy.

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Ladies, or gentlemen, having Pictures taken at this Establishment are not required to pay for them unless they are perfectly satisfactory.

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PROSPECTUS FOR "THE GLOBE."

SHOWING THE CONGRESSIONAL NEWSPAPER.

THE APPROACH OF CONGRESS calls for the renewal of my proposals and preparations to spread its debates before the public. The success which has hitherto attended this undertaking it is hoped will continue, and enable me to perpetuate the full history of the proceedings and discussions of the body on which the destiny of the Republic depends.

The adoption of Congress has given the GLOBE an official character as the reporter of all that is said and done in the body. This sanction has been voted at every successive session for many years, and by members of all parties. The press, too, of all parties, has borne testimony to the fidelity with which the duty thus confided has been performed.

The great celerity with which the letter writers for the distant press circulate through the telegraph their hurried accounts and views of the debates of Congress, renders more important than ever the full and exact official reports of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE. The hasty, and in many instances ex parte, relations by telegraph of what occurs in Congress supersede, for the most part, the exact reports taken down by reporters, and which formerly, in a shape more or less abbreviated, went the rounds of the press. Now the telegraph accounts, with all their imperfections and variety of colorings, take the run of the country, and no press but the official of Congress ever publishes the full debate with the proceedings of both Houses unmutilated. Indeed, no newspaper can give them, and have room for advertisements and the miscellaneous matter essential to their existence. While therefore, the telegraph administers to the eager appetite of the public for Congress news, and meets the necessities of the political press, by furnishing a rapidly-written epitome suited to the taste of its patrons, perfect information of what passes in Congress is greatly diminished. The circulation of the official reports has been, to some extent, cut off by the crude and diversified accounts which, flying along the electric wires, satisfies curiosity, and it is almost in vain that truth puts on his boots to follow. Still there are a great many men of leisure and thought who like to see what is actually said and done in Congress, and to judge for themselves, rather than to receive impressions altogether from galvanic batteries. There are others, too, who, for the sake of the future, willingly patronize a work which preserves a full record of the doings of the great moving and controlling power of the Republic.

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IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15,000 CURES THIS YEAR

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.

1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.

2,500 cures of general debility and want of Nervous energy.

30,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the blood viz;

Ulcers, scrofula erysipelas salt rheum pimples on the face &c, together with numerous cases of consumption liver complaints spine affections, &c. This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R Van, Buskirk Esq, one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of N. York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

Opinions of Physicians.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany have in numerous cases prescribed D. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations Sarsaparilla in the Market

P H Pulling M D, R B Briggs M D, P E Elmendorf M D,

Albany, April 1 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island,

Greenport July 19, 1846.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir—it is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed in a PR cases the most beneficial results from your extract of Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit In the removal of diseases arising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c, it far exceeds anything of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c,

Respectfully yours,

C. S Preston M D.

United States Officer.

Capt. G W McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

New York, March 1, 1847.

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY,

By HERRICK & ROPES,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street (recoets. between Beekman and Ann stren

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